



I plédge allegiance to the flag of the United States of America, and to the republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all

Reminders

- Meeting is being recorded
- Participants will be muted during the presentation
- Reports first, then our program speaker, followed by Q&A
- Agency spotlight
- Conclude with agency announcements if we have time



MET Report





Linda Ackerman

MWDOC MET Director



CSDA Report



California Special Districts Association

Districts Stronger Together



Chris Palmer
Senior Public Affairs
Field Coordinator



ACWA Report

Upcoming ACWA Events:

- December 3-5, ACWA Fall Conference, Palm Desert
- February 25-27, ACWA Washington D.C. Conference



Cathy Green
President, OCWD
President, ACWA





"Roadmap for Direct Potable Reuse through the Pure Water Southern California Program"



Paul Rochelle
Water Quality Section
Manager, Metropolitan Water
District of Southern California



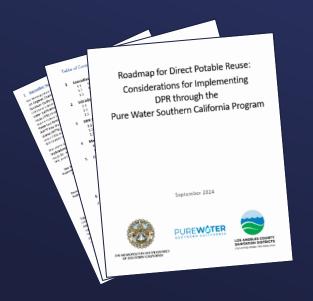


Water Advisory Committee of Orange County (WACO)

Roadmap for Direct Potable Reuse through the Pure Water Southern California Program

November 1, 2024

Roadmap for Direct Potable Reuse



Presentation Outline

- Evolution of DPR in the PWSC program
- Regulatory requirements and implications
- Other DPR initiatives
- Metropolitan's research approach
- Benefits and challenges with DPR
- Next steps

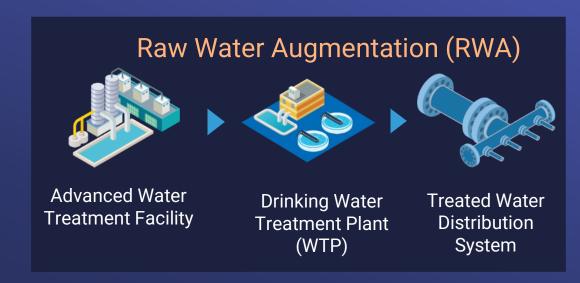


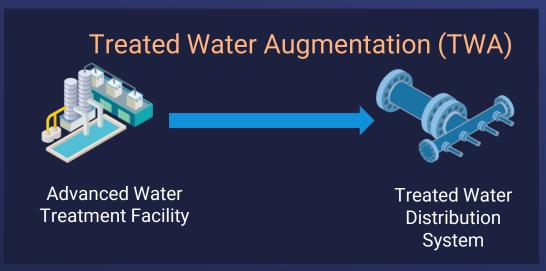




Regulatory Pathway and Applicability of DPR to PWSC

- State Water Board DPR regulatory development
 - Mandated by SB918 and SB322
 - 2016-2019: Feasibility and framework documents
 - Initially focused on RWA
- Regulations approved by Office of Administrative Law (August 6, 2024)
 - Went into effect October 1, 2024
 - Regulations provide opportunity to consider implementing TWA



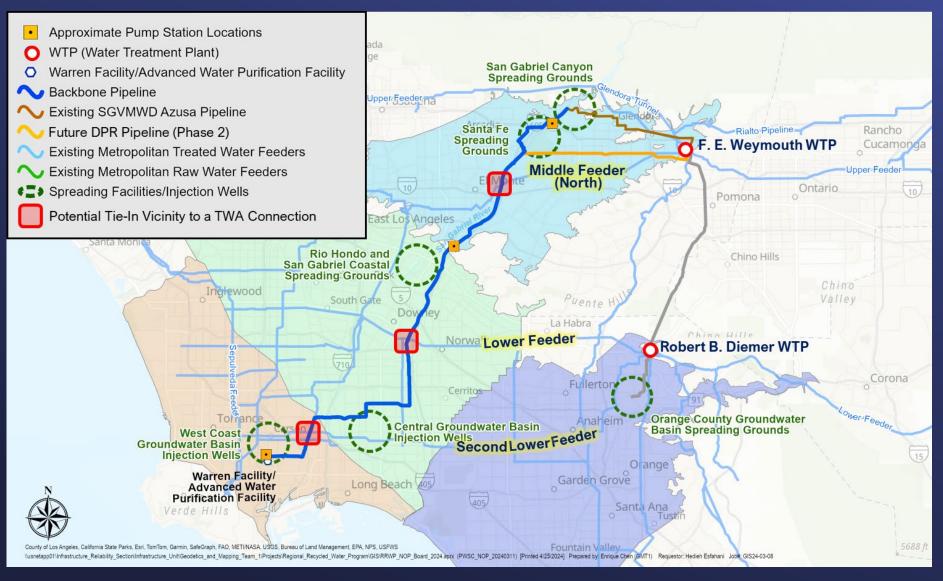


DPR through Raw Water Augmentation



DPR water would enter the treated water system through the Weymouth and Diemer Plants

DPR through Treated Water Augmentation



DPR water would enter the treated water system through tie-ins with treated water feeders

DPR Regulations 2024

DPR responsible agency (DiPRRA)

Must possess the necessary technical, managerial, and financial capacity

Extensive Treatment Requirements

- Validate treatment processes can achieve high levels of pathogen and chemical contaminant removal
- Identify surrogates that can be continuously monitored to confirm robust treatment is occurring
- Establish a unified SCADA system across all facilities to continuously communicate sufficient treatment



More treatment validation and performance monitoring than existing surface water treatment regulations

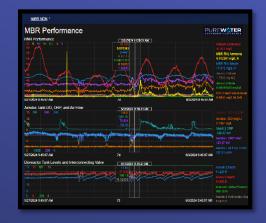
DPR Regulations 2024

Plans & Programs Required

- Joint Plan
- Water Safety Plan
- Source Control Program
- Early Warning Program
- Operations Plan
- Monitoring Plan
- Corrosion Control & Stabilization Plan

Automated System Responses

- Rapidly evaluate large amounts of realtime monitoring data
- Develop meaningful correlations and trending tools for data and water quality
- Automatically divert or halt flow to avoid water quality threats, and operate across agencies if needed







More stringent process monitoring required than existing surface water treatment regulations

More Stringent Operator Certification

DPR Regulations 2024









	Treatment Location (Operational Responsibility)			
	Warren Facility + MBR	AWT Facility	Weymouth or Diemer Plant	
	(LACSD)	(Metropolitan)	(Metropolitan)	
Chief Shift	Å	Å Å Å Å	♣ ♣ * ♣ ♣ *	
Chief Shift	For oversight of theentire treatment train			

*Contingent on testing

Legend





AWT5





≥ AWT3

DPR Regulations 2024







More Stringent Operator Certification

- A Chief & Shift Treatment Operator at each location
- A Chief & Shift Treatment Operator to oversee all locations
- A Chief & Shift AWT Operator at the AWT Facility and potentially at the Weymouth and Diemer plants
- Collaboration with LACSD on operator development
 - Shared operations at the Napolitano Center
 - Future workforce development center in Carson

Treatment Locations (Operational Responsibility)







Collaboration with Others Pursuing DPR Projects

- Several other California agencies interested in DPR, including:
 - LADWP (Pure Water Los Angeles)
 - City of San Diego (Pure Water San Diego)
 - City of Santa Monica
 - Moulton Niguel Water District (OASIS)
 - Santa Clara Valley Water District











 Initiatives through industry associations for knowledge sharing in research or planning, such as WateReuse California's Reuse Implementation Needs Workshop



Only one DPR (RWA) project currently operating in the U.S.

Key Components of the DPR Research Approach







Workshops
Formulate
process
trains

Literature
Reviews
Identify key
knowledge
gaps

Bench-Scale
Testing
Perform
screening
studies

Pilot &
Demonstration
Testing
Validate and
assess long-term
performance

- DPR research will be similar to prior Metropolitan programs to investigate alternative treatment processes
 - Extensive research on ozone prior to implementation
 - IPR research began in 2010 and demonstration testing started in 2019

Performance Verification and Optimization with Monitoring





Role of Demonstration Testing

- Confirm treatment processes and generate data required for regulatory permitting
- Optimize design criteria and operational strategies
- Characterize source water, concentrate, residuals
- Inform future interagency operations agreement
- Develop workforce and operational readiness
- Provide venue for public engagement and dialogue







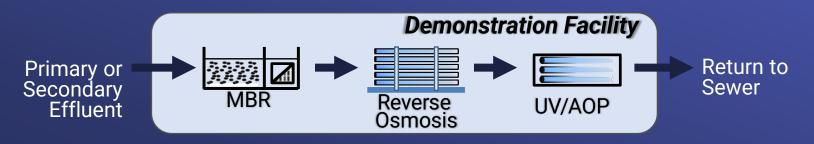


Operational Strategy Development

Water Advisory Committee of Orange Coun

Napolitano Center Demonstration Testing To-Date





	Effluent Feedwater	Operating Condition	
Year		MBR	RO
2019-2020	Secondary	NdN (Post-anoxic) Tertiary	Single-Pass (9:4)
2020-2021	Secondary	N-Only Tertiary	Double-Pass (9:4, 2:1)
2022-2023	Primary	NdN Secondary	Single-Pass (8:4)
2023-Present	Secondary	NdN (Pre-anoxic) Tertiary	Single-Pass (6:3)

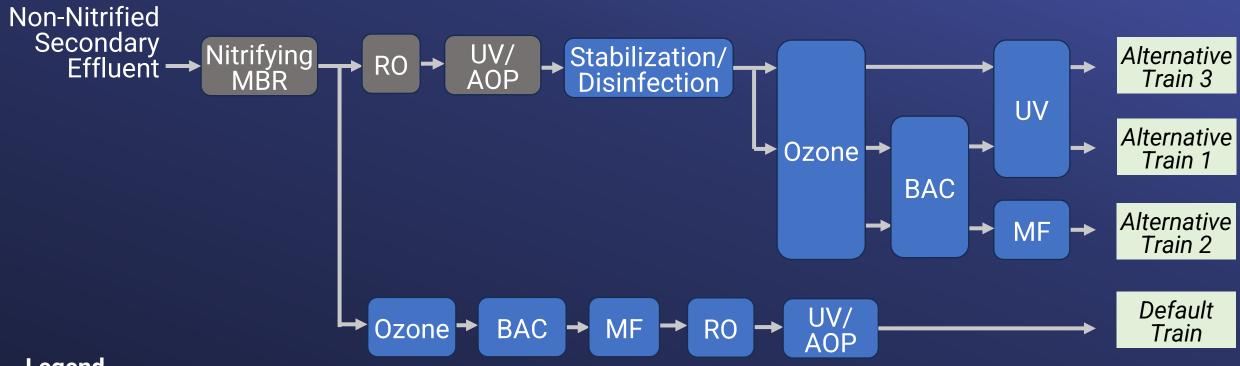


NdN = Nitrification-Denitrification

N-Only = Nitrification-Only

- Testing to-date has focused on IPR requirements
- Additional treatment processes to be added to the Napolitano Center
- Future testing will focus on DPR requirements

DPR Pilot/Demonstration Testing – Currently Planned Additions to the Napolitano Center



Legend

Existing Process for IPR Evaluations

Planned Process for DPR Evaluations

Benefits and Challenges of RWA

- ✓ Capitalizes on additional conveyance detention time and optimal hydraulic distribution and blending points
- ✓ May help safeguard from unknown contaminants with additional treatment above regulatory requirements
- ✓ Draws on long history of operations, expertise, protocols, monitoring and response



- ? New raw source water to the WTPs, requiring treatment efficacy evaluations
- ? More rigorous requirements for operations, monitoring, and reporting on existing WTPs
- ? Unknown regulatory pathway for "satellite" treatment at higher RWA blends (above 10 percent)

Benefits and Challenges of TWA



- ✓ Less energy needed for pumping
- ✓ No impact to existing WTP compliance requirements



- ? Increased control measures to compensate for shorter response time within the AWT facility
- ? Hydraulics evaluations for the treated water system
- ? Blending studies to manage water quality in the treated water system
- ? Indirect impacts to WTPs and other distribution system areas with lower demands/longer detention times

Water Quality and Technical Research

- Develop a comprehensive DPR
 Research Plan for RWA and TWA
- Conduct bench-, pilot-, and demonstration-scale DPR testing



- Collaborate with LACSD on enhanced source control, treatment, and monitoring
- Conduct technical and conceptual studies for TWA development
- Rehabilitate the demonstration facility at Weymouth for DPR testing capabilities

Recommended Next Steps



Recommended Next Steps





Partnerships and Outreach

- Establish partnerships with leading research institutions and industry experts on DPR
- Develop a program for online monitoring for DPR
- Continue engaging with regulators and ISAP to refine approach for regulatory approval
- Develop a comprehensive DPR communication and outreach strategy





Operational and Workforce Readiness

- Assess and develop a plan to meet operational, staffing, training, and certification needs for DPR
- Collaborate with LACSD on coordinated operations of a DPR treatment train
- Develop a pathway for reliable operations, monitoring, and SCADA control systems for DPR
- Develop frameworks for key plans required for DPR implementation



Recommended Next Steps



DPR A New Source of Water



Summary

- Technical studies needed to develop DPR concepts and inform rephasing efforts
- As we explore the integration of DPR as a new source of supply, Metropolitan is committed to:
 - Comprehensive planning
 - Rigorous research and development
 - Strategic partnerships
 - Ensuring successful implementation if the PWSC program is approved
- Return to Metropolitan's Board for periodic progress updates





To ask a question, please use the chat box or use the raise hand feature.





El Toro Water District

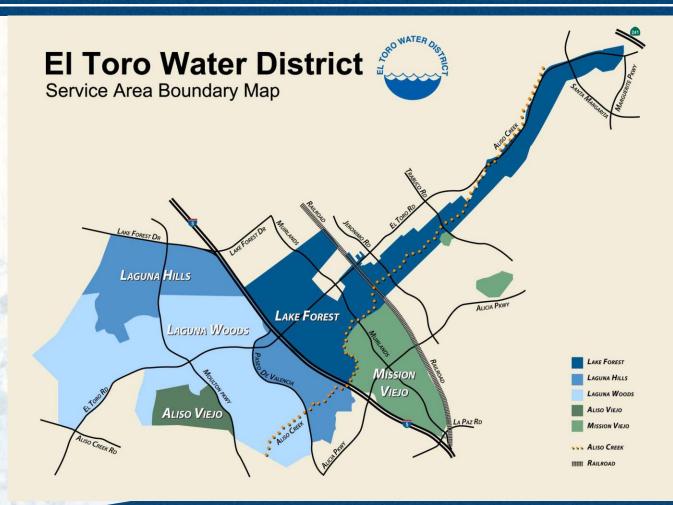






ETWD Background

- Founded in 1960
- Serves over 50,000 customers
- Nearly 10,000 Service Connections
- Serves portions of the cities of Lake Forest, Laguna Hills, Mission Vijeo and Aliso Viejo and all of the City of Laguna Woods
- Approximately 8.5 Square Miles
- 58 employees





- Potable Water
 - Water distribution system that includes over 170 miles of water pipelines
 - 9 Water Pump Stations
 - 6 Water Storage Reservoirs



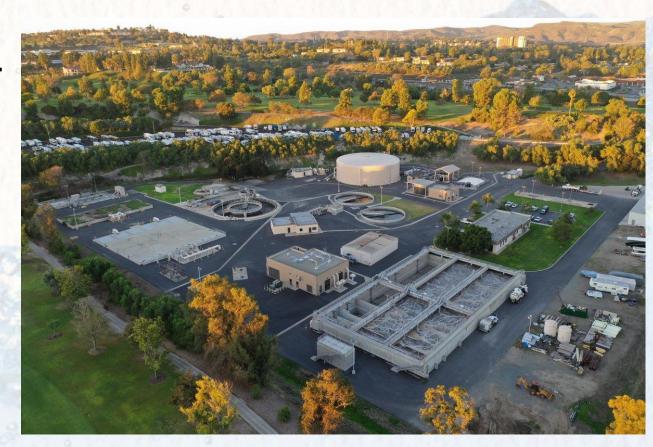


- Potable Water
 - Water distribution system that includes over 170 miles of water pipelines
 - 9 Water Pump Stations
 - 6 Water Storage Reservoirs
 - Water Use Efficiency OutreachProgram





- Potable Water
- Wastewater Collection & Treatment
 - Maintain 158 miles of sewer collection pipelines
 - 11 Sewer Pump Stations
 - 6 MGD Water Recycling Plant





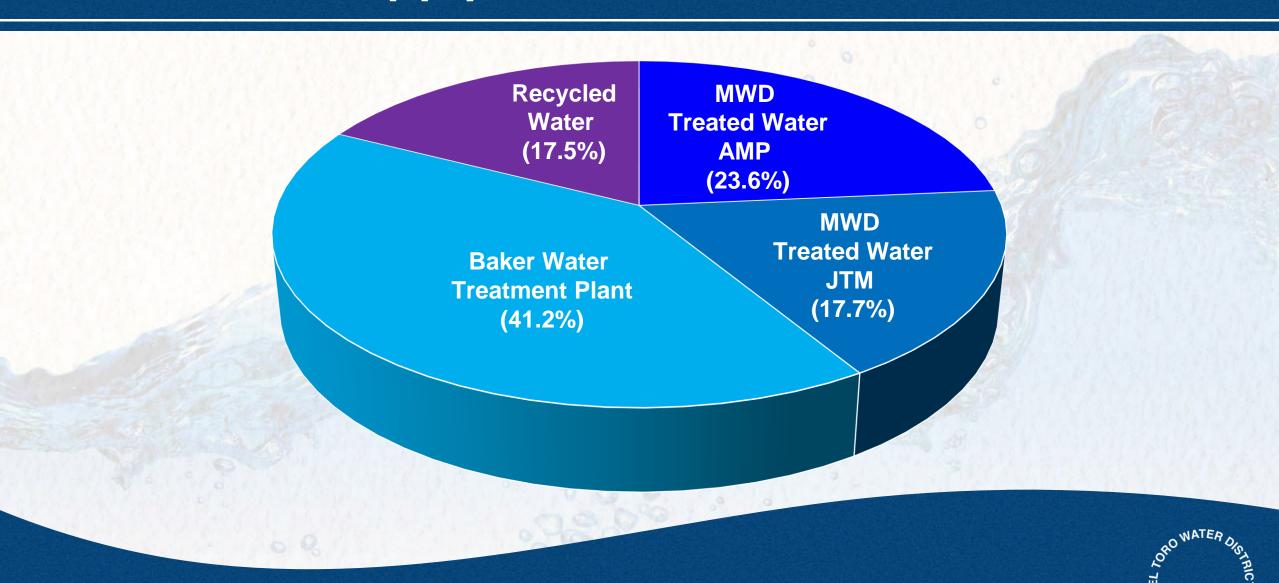
- Potable Water
- Wastewater Collection & Treatment
- Recycled Water
 - Tertiary Treatment Plant
 - Recycled Water Pump Station
 - 25 miles of recycled water pipelines

Projects have reduced potable water demand by over 400 million gallons per year





ETWD Water Supply



Regional Collaboration

- R-6 Reservoir
- Baker Water Treatment Plant
- Baker Water Conveyance
- Joint Regional Water Supply System
- Water Interconnections
- Sewer Interconnections
- Shared Services
- **MP Shutdown**
- MWDOC
- On-Going Collaboration











El Toro Reservoir

- 275 million gallons
- Covered and Lined Reservoir
- Emergency Supply for all ETWD customers
- Shared capacity with SMWD
 & MNWD





El Toro Reservoir

- 275 million gallons
- Covered and Lined Reservoir
- Emergency Supply for all ETWD customers
- Shared capacity with SMWD
 & MNWD
- Cover/Liner Replacement
 Project





El Toro Reservoir

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 Project









Challenges

- Rising Costs
- Aging Infrastructure
 - Reliability
- Regulatory Requirements
 - AB 1572
 - Making Conservation as a California Way of Life
 - Advanced Clean Fleets Rule









Have something to share?





Next WACO meeting:

Friday, December 13, 2024 at 7:30am via Zoom

Next WACO planning meeting:

Tuesday, November 19, 2024 at 7:30am via Zoom

